

Geometry Date _____
Proofs
 (pp 96–98)

2.4 Assignment: Algebraic

1. What is your name?

Complete each statement to show an example of the stated property.

2. Multiplication Property of Equality: If $BD = 6$, then $\frac{1}{3}(BD) = 2$.

3. Transitive Property of Equality: If $m\angle ABC = m\angle DEF$ and $m\angle DEF = m\angle STO$, then $m\angle ABC = m\angle STO$.

4. Reflexive Property of Equality: $HS = HS$.

5. Substitution Property of Equality: If $RL = 7.5$ and $LT = 10 - RL$, then $LT = 10 - 7.5$.

6. Symmetric Property of Equality: If $m\angle MCS = m\angle DBA$, then $m\angle DBA = m\angle MCS$.

Complete each reason for the proof.

7.

Statement	Reason
$-2(3x - 4) = 3x + 12$	Given
$-6x + 8 = 3x + 12$	
$-9x + 8 = 12$	
$-9x = 4$	
$x = -\frac{4}{9}$	

8.

Statement	Reason
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$9 = 4x - 3(x - 2)$	Given
$9 = 4x - 3x + 6$	
$9 = x + 6$	
$3 = x$	
$x = 3$	

9

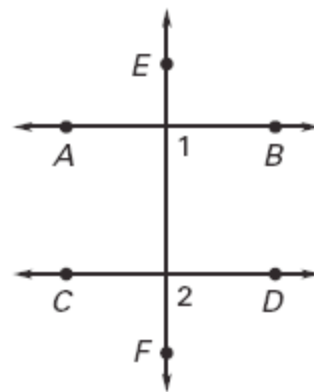


Statement	Reason
$AB = BC$	Given
$BC = BC$	
$AB + BC = CD + BC$	
$AB + BC = AC$	
$CD + BC = BD$	
$AC = BD$	

Write a two column proof to show that the following is true.

10. If $\overline{AB} \perp \overline{EF}$, $\overline{CD} \perp \overline{EF}$, then $m\angle 1 = m\angle 2$.

Various



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11. If $m\angle 1 = 40^\circ$ and $m\angle 2 = 50^\circ$, then the angles are complementary.

Vertical.

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Review.

Find the distance between the two points. Round your result to two decimal places. (Chapter 1 Section 3).

12. $(-7, 6)$ & $(2, 0)$

$$10.82$$

13. $(9, -1)$ & $(2, -6)$

$$8.60$$

14. $(1, 1)$ & $(-1, 11)$

$$10.20$$

15. $(7, 10)$ & $(1, 5)$

$$7.81$$

You are given an endpoint and the midpoint of a line segment. Find the coordinates of the other endpoint. Each midpoint is denoted by $M(x, y)$. (Chapter 1 Section 5)

16. $B(5, 7)$
 $M(-1, 0)$

$$(-7, -7)$$

17. $C(-4, -5)$
 $M(3, -6)$

$$(10, -7)$$

18. $F(0, 9)$
 $M(6, -2)$

$$(12, -13)$$

19. $Q(-1, 14)$
 $M(2, 7)$

$$(5, 0)$$

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20. Given that $m\angle A = 48^\circ$, what are the measures of the complement and the supplement of $\angle A$? (Chapter 1 Section 6)

42° & 132°

Use the diagram shown to determine whether the statement is true or false. (Chapter 2 Section 2)

21. F $\overline{BC} \perp \overline{FG}$

22. T $\angle ECB \cong \angle ACD$

23. F $\angle JHL$ & $\angle JHF$ are complementary.

24. T $\overline{AK} \perp \overline{BD}$

